#### § 614.4337

#### §614.4337 Disclosure to borrowers.

When a loan or an interest in a loan other than a participation interest is sold with servicing rights, the disclosure shall be made to the borrower in accordance with this section:

- (a) The selling institution shall disclose to the borrower at least 10 days prior to the borrower's next payment date:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the purchasing institution;
- (2) The name and address of the party to whom payment is to be made;
- (3) A description of the impact of the sale on statutory borrower rights after the sale:
- (4) Any terms in the agreement that would permit a purchaser to change the terms or conditions of the loan.
- (b) A Farm Credit System institution that purchases a loan or a non-participation interest therein shall not take any servicing action that adversely affects the borrower until it ensures that disclosure has been made to the borrower of:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the purchasing institution; and
- (2) The address where the payment should be sent.

## Subpart I—Loss-Sharing Agreements

#### §614.4340 General.

- (a) Upon the approval of the board of directors of the respective Farm Credit System institutions, any System bank, association, or service corporation or service association may enter into an agreement to share loan and other losses with any other institution(s) of the System. As appropriate, a losssharing agreement may contain provisions relating to definitions of terms, terms and conditions for activation, determinations of assessment mulas, limitations on assessments, reimbursements, administration, arbitration, and provisions for amendment and termination.
- (b) System institutions may agree among themselves to share losses for the purpose of protecting against the impairment of capital stock or participation certificates, or for any other

purpose. Agreements may provide for sharing losses that arise in the future or that were recognized by one or more of the signatory institutions before the date of the agreement. Agreements may contain provisions that are not entirely reciprocal among the signatories to the agreement. Loss-sharing agreements can provide for the sharing of loan losses, operating losses, casualty losses, losses on high risk assets, or any other losses.

[49 FR 48910, Dec. 17, 1984, as amended at 54 FR 1151, Jan. 12, 1989; 54 FR 50736, Dec. 11, 1989]

#### §614.4341 Financial assistance.

No institution shall reverse any financial assistance provided under the 37-Bank Capital Preservation Agreement, or any other capital preservation/loss-sharing program that was received or accrued prior to July 1, 1986.

[53 FR 3191, Feb. 4, 1988]

## §614.4345 Guaranty Agreements.

Guaranty agreements under which a percentage of the risk associated with specific loans is assumed may be entered into by or among System banks and associations.

[49 FR 48910, Dec. 17, 1984, as amended at 54 FR 1151, Jan. 12, 1989; 54 FR 50736, Dec. 11, 1989]

## Subpart J—Lending Limits

SOURCE: 58 FR 40321, July 28, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

### § 614.4350 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) *Borrower* means an individual, partnership, joint venture, trust, corporation, or other business entity (except a Farm Credit System association or other financing institution, as defined in §614.4540 of this part) to which an institution has made a loan or a commitment to make a loan either directly or indirectly.
- (b) Commitment means a legally binding obligation to extend credit, enter into lease financing, purchase or participate in loans or leases, or pay the obligation of another, which becomes

effective at the time such commitment is made.

- (c) Loan means any extension of, or commitment to extend, credit authorized under the Act whether it results from direct negotiations between a lender and a borrower or is purchased from or discounted for another lender, including participation interests. The term "loan" includes loans outstanding, obligated but undisbursed commitments, contracts of sale, notes receivable, other similar obligations, guarantees, and lease financing. An institution "makes a loan" when it enters into a commitment to lend, advances new funds, substitutes a different borrower for a borrower who is released, or where any other person's liability is added to the outstanding loan or commitment.
- (d) *Primary liability* means an obligation to repay that is not conditioned upon an unsuccessful prior demand on another party.
- (e) Secondary liability means an obligation to repay that only arises after an unsuccessful demand on another party.

# §614.4351 Computation of lending limit base.

- (a) Lending limit base. An institution's lending limit base is composed of the permanent capital of the institution, as defined in §615.5201(j) of this chapter, with adjustments provided for in §615.5210(d), (e)(1), (e)(2), (e)(3), (e)(4), and (e)(6) of this chapter, and with the following further adjustments:
- (1) Where one institution invests in another institution in connection with the sale of a loan participation interest, the amount of investment in the institution purchasing this participation interest that is owned by the institution originating the loan shall be counted in the lending limit base of the originating institution and shall not be counted in the lending limit base of the purchasing institution.
- (2) Stock protected under section 4.9A of the Act may be included in the lending limit base until January 1, 1998
- (b) Timing of calculation. The lending limit base will be calculated on a

monthly basis as of the preceding month end.

[58 FR 40321, July 28, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 37403, July 22, 1994]

# §614.4352 Farm Credit Banks and agricultural credit banks.

- (a) Farm Credit Banks. No Farm Credit Bank may make or discount a loan to a borrower, if the consolidated amount of all loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower exceed 25 percent of the bank's lending limit base.
- (b) Agricultural credit banks. (1) No agricultural credit bank may make or discount a loan to a borrower under the authority of title I of the Act, if the consolidated amount of all loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower exceeds 25 percent of the bank's lending limit base.
- (2) No agricultural credit bank may make or discount a loan to a borrower under the authority of title III of the Act, if the consolidated amount of all loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower exceeds the lending limits prescribed in §614.4355 of this subpart.

### §614.4353 Direct lender associations.

No association may make a loan to a borrower, if the consolidated amount of all loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower exceeds 25 percent of the association's lending limit base.

## §614.4354 Federal land bank associa-

No Federal land bank association may assume endorsement liability on any loan if the total amount of the association's endorsement liability on loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower would exceed 25 percent of the association's lending limit base.

### §614.4355 Banks for cooperatives.

No bank for cooperatives may make a loan if the consolidated amount of all loans outstanding and undisbursed commitments to that borrower exceeds the following percentages of the lending limit base of the bank:

(a) Basic lending limit. (1) Term loans to eligible cooperatives: 25 percent.